

Key Features & Benefits:

- Robust 3-Series packaging
- Factory calibrated mV output

Technical Specifications

MEASUREMENT

Sensor Type Used	3HYT
Maximum Range	2000 ppm H ₂
Sensitivity	1 mV/ppm ± 5%
Filter	To reduce CO levels
Baseline Offset (Clean Air)	±2 mV
Response Time (T₉₀)	<30 Seconds at 20°C
Resolution	2 ppm
Zero Shift (-20°C to +40°C)	<35 ppm equivalent
Repeatability	2% of signal
Linearity	Linear

ELECTRICAL

Power Supply Required	7 to 18 VDC single-ended or ±3.5 to ±9 VDC dual
Power Consumption	250 µA @ 9 VDC
Calibration	Via built-in span and zero potentiometers (Refer to OP14)

MECHANICAL

Weight	38 g (with connector)
Body Material	20% glass filled polypropylene
Position Sensitivity	None

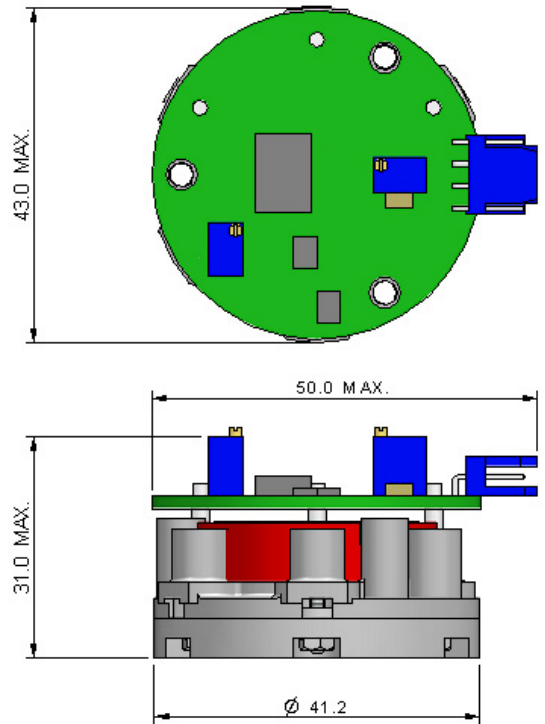
ENVIRONMENTAL

Operating Temperature Range	-20°C to +50°C
Recommended Storage Temp	0°C to 20°C
Temperature Compensation	None
Operating Pressure Range	Atmospheric ± 10%
Pressure Coefficient	0.009% signal/mBar
Operating Humidity Range	15 to 90% RH non-condensing

LIFETIME

Long Term Sensitivity Drift	<2% signal loss/month
Expected Operating Life	Two years in air
Storage Life	6 months in CTL container
Standard Warranty	12 months from date of despatch

Product Dimensions



All dimensions in mm

All tolerances ±0.15 mm unless otherwise stated

IMPORTANT NOTE:

All performance data is based on conditions at 20°C, 50% RH and 1013 mBar. For further information on the operation and calibration of City Technology mV output sensors, please refer to OP14.

Poisoning

CiTiceLs are designed for operation in a wide range of environments and harsh conditions. However, it is important that exposure to high concentrations of solvent vapours is avoided, both during storage, fitting into instruments and operation.

When using sensors with printed circuit boards (PCBs), degreasing agents should be used before the sensor is fitted. Do not glue directly on or near the CiTiceL as the solvent may cause crazing of the plastic.

Cross Sensitivity Table

Whilst CiTiceLs are designed to be highly specific to the gas they are intended to measure, they will still respond to some degree to various other gases. The table below is not exclusive and other gases not included in the table may still cause a sensor to react. The figures are expressed as a percentage of the primary sensitivity (i.e. $H_2 = 100\%$).

Gas	Concentration Used (ppm)	3MHYT (%)
Carbon Monoxide, CO	300	20
Hydrogen Sulfide, H_2S	15	20
Sulfur Dioxide, SO_2	5	0
Nitric Oxide, NO	5	~ 30
Nitrogen Dioxide, NO_2	5	0
Chlorine, Cl_2	1	0
Hydrogen Cyanide, HCN	10	~ 30
Hydrogen Chloride, HCl	5	0
Ethylene, C_2H_4	100	~ 80

SAFETY NOTE

This sensor is designed to be used in safety critical applications. To ensure that the sensor and/or instrument in which it is used, are operating properly, it is a requirement that the function of the device is confirmed by exposure to target gas (bump check) before each use of the sensor and/or instrument. Failure to carry out such tests may jeopardize the safety of people and property.

Every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of this document at the time of printing. In accordance with the company's policy of continued product improvement City Technology Limited reserves the right to make product changes without notice. No liability is accepted for any consequential losses, injury or damage resulting from the use of this document or from any omissions or errors herein. The data is given for guidance only. It does not constitute a specification or an offer for sale. The products are always subject to a programme of improvement and testing which may result in some changes in the characteristics quoted. As the products may be used by the client in circumstances beyond the knowledge and control of City Technology Limited, we cannot give any warranty as to the relevance of these particulars to an application. It is the clients' responsibility to carry out the necessary tests to determine the usefulness of the products and to ensure their safety of operation in a particular application.

Performance characteristics on this data sheet outline the performance of newly supplied sensors. Output signal can drift below the lower limit over time